## Scheme of work (supported by Oak Academy) Spanish

	Units:	LKS2	UKS2
<mark>Unit</mark>	<mark>t 1- Asi soy yo</mark>		
a		SC: I can ask the question 'What is my name?' and respond to the same question. SC: I can describe myself.	SC: I can use simple adjectival agreement (changing 'o' to 'a' or adding 'a' when feminine. SC: I can use the verb 'ser' (soy)
a	nd saying our age.	SC: I can count to 12. SC: I can ask someone their age and respond to the same question.	SC: I can use the verb 'tener' (tengo) SC: I can review numbers.
m tł yd	nonths and	SC: I can use song or rhyme to recall the months of the year. SC: I can say the month my birthday is in.	SC: I can use the verb 'ser (es) to say when my birthday is.
4. Sa	aying your	SC: I can say my name, age and birthday.	SC: I can use the verbs 'ser' (soy and es), 'tener'

	name, age and birthday.		(tengo)
	nit 2- Donde es?		SC: I can use simple adjectival agreement.
5.	Saying which country I live in	SC: I can say which country I live in.	SC: I can use the conjugation regular -IR verb (vivo)
	and which		SC: I can use the conjugation regular -AR verb (hablo)
	language I speak.		
6.	Saying which language l	SC: I can say which language I don't speak.	SC: I can use negative verb forms using no (no hablo,
	don't snoak		no vivo, no soy)
	and which		
	country I don't live in.		
L			

Un es	<mark>it 3- Eso, que</mark> P		
7.		N · I can say the name of 6 hers	SC: I can begin to understand notion of grammatical gender.
8.	colours.	SC: I can use masculine and feminine	SC: I can use simple adjectival agreement (changing 'o' to 'a') SC: I can use adjectival position correctly.
9.	Describing pets with more colour and joining descriptions	SC: I can join descriptions with a conjunction.	SC: I can use the conjunction 'γ' SC: I can use simple adjectival agreement (adjectives that are the same in masculine and feminime)

with		
conjunctions.		
conjunctions.		
<mark>Unit 4- Me Visto.</mark>		
10. Naming items		
of clothing.	SC: I can say some clothes words.	SC: I can use the verb 'ser' (es, no es, son, no son)
or clothing.	SC: I can use masculine and feminine,	SC: I can use indefinite articles (un, una, unos and unas)
	singular and plural nouns.	
	SC: I can use indefinite articles (un, una,	
	unos and unas)	
11. Describing		
clothes using	SC: I can describe clothes with colours.	SC: I can use adjectival position after the noun.
colours.	SC: I can use indefinite articles (un, una,	SC: I can use adjectival agreement- singular and
		plural.
12. Describing		
clothes with	SC: I can describe clothes with colours and	SC: I can use adjectival agreement (singular and

colours, sizes	sizes.	plural)
and styles.		SC: I can use the verb 'ser' correctly.
that you have and using a	SC: I can join description with a	SC: I can use indefinite articles (un, una, unos, unas) SC: I can use adjectival agreement (singular and plural)
don't have and	SC: I can say clothes that I don't have.	SC: I can use indefinite articles. SC: I can use the conjunctions 'y' and 'pero'
<mark>Unit 5- Describo un</mark> Monstruo.		
15. Describing someone else's	SC: I can describe someone else's	SC: I can use the verb 'ser' (es)

size and colour	appearance.	
16. Naming parts of the head and face.	SC: I can name parts of the head and face. SC: I can use masculine and feminine , singular and plural nouns.	SC: I can use definite articles (el, la, los, las)
17. Describing parts of the head and face with colours and sizes.	SC: I can describe parts of the head and face with colour and size. SC: I can use masculine, feminine, singular and plural nouns.	SC: I can use definite articles (el, la, los, las)
18. Joining descriptions with conjunctions.	conjunctions.	SC: I can use the conjunction 'γ' and 'tambien' SC: I can use the verb 'tener' (tiene)

10 Making	SC: I can make descriptions better using	SC: I can use the intensifiers 'muy' and 'bastante'
19. Making descriptions better using intensifiers.	intensifiers.	SC. I can use the intensiners muy and bastante
<mark>Unit 6- A Comer!</mark>		
20. Saying some food words	SC: I can say some food words.	SC: I can use masculine and feminine, singular and plural nouns.
and saying you want to have	SC: I can say I want to have some of these foods.	SC: I can use definite articles correctly.
some of these foods.		SC: I can use the verb 'quiero'
21. Giving opinions about singular foods and	DC. I Call give opinions about singular	SC: I can use conjunctions 'y' 'tambien' 'pero' and 'sin embargo'
joining opinions using conjunctions.	SC: I can join opinions using conjunctions.	SC: I can use me gusta and no me gusta in my writing.

22. Giving opinions	SC: I can give opinions about plural foods.	SC: I can use definite articles los and las.
about plural		
foods and	SC: I can join opinions with conjunctions.	SC: I can use conjunctions correctly.
joining		
opinions using		
conjunctions.		
,		
Unit 7- Hago		
Deporte.		
23. Saying	SC: I can say different sports.	SC: I can use masculine and feminine nouns.
different		
sports.	SC: I can use masculine and feminine	SC: I can use definite articles 'el' and 'la'
500105.	nouns.	
24 Soving which		
24. Saying which	SC: I can say which sports I play and do or	SC: I can use conjugation -AR verb jugar (juego)
sports you play	don't play or do.	
		SC: I can use different conjunctions.
	SC: I can join sentences using	
don't play and	conjunctions.	
do, and joining		
sentences		
using		
conjunctions.		

25 Giving oninions	SC: I can give opinions of different sports.	SC: I can use notion of infinitives (hacer, jugar)
of different		
	SC: I can join opinions with conjunctions.	SC: I can use definite articles and conjunctions to form sentences.
sports and		
joining		
opinions using		
conjunctions.		
		SC: I can use conjugation -AR verb jugar (juego)
	kinds of weathers.	
in different		SC: I can use the verb 'hacer' (hago, hace)
weathers.		
27. Saying what	SC: I can say what kinds of clothes I wear	
kind of clothes	to do different sports.	SC: I can use the verb 'hacer' (hago)
you wear to	·	SC: I can use conjugation -AR verb jugar (juego) and llevar (llevo)
different	SC: I can use conjunctions y, Tambien,	SC. I can use conjugation -AR verb jugar (juego) and nevar (nevo)
sports.	pero and sin embargo.	
<mark>Unit 8- Mi Pueblo.</mark>		
28. Saying some		
places there	SC: I can say some places in town.	SC: I can use 'hay' in my sentence correctly.
are in town.		

SC: I can say what there is in the town.	SC: I can use indefinite articles un and una.
	SC: I can use the conjunctions y and tambien.
SC: I can what there is or isn't in the town.	SC: I can use indefinite articles.
SC: I can begin to use conjunctions.	SC: I can use conjunctions.
SC: I can say where in town I am going.	SC: I can use the verb form 'ir' (voy)
,	
Sc. I can say what transport I am taking to	SC: I can apply en/a + transport in my writing.
a place.	
SC: I can give opinions of the town.	SC: I can use intensifiers (muy and basante)
	SC: I can use a range of conjunctions.
SC: I can explain the opinions.	
SC: I can describe the places in town.	SC: I can use intensifiers.
	SC: I can what there is or isn't in the town. SC: I can begin to use conjunctions. SC: I can say where in town I am going. SC: I can say what transport I am taking to a place. SC: I can give opinions of the town. SC: I can explain the opinions.

SC: I can use a range of conjunctions when I speak.	SC: I can use 'ser' (es, no es)
	SC: I can use definite articles.