



*A school where every child can* 

# Kirk Langley CE Primary School

## Mental Health and Well Being Policy

Version History	
Date	Detail
January 2023	Agreed by staff  Approved by Governors
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**Kirk Langley Church of England Primary School**

# **Mental Health and Well-Being Policy**

Kirk Langley is a Church of England Primary School and our family believe that 'Every Child Can Shine.' Our visions and values, built on the living Gospel of Christ within daily life, are at the core of everything we do. They underpin our teaching and learning and provide an environment which prepares our pupils in being respectful, confident, thriving citizens.

*Daniel 12:3*

*'Those who have insight will shine brightly like the brightness of the expanse of heaven, and those who lead the many to righteousness, like the stars forever and ever.'*

We aim to provide a thriving, inspiring and stimulating learning environment where children achieve the very best they are capable of because all the staff value their different learning styles. Kirk Langley Church of England Primary School is committed to Christian values where children, parents/carers and our community know us by our actions.

**Within a Christian ethos we aim to:**

- Promote a positive attitude to life-long learning, nurturing the development of self-esteem; leading to aspirational, independent learners that are prepared to be challenged and take risks in a diverse and ever changing world.

- Provide the children with valuable experiences and opportunities, through a broad, balanced and exciting curriculum, where learning is purposeful and engaging.
- Use a variety of teaching strategies and resources effectively and creatively; encouraging each child to progress and attain to the highest possible standards, in relation to their age and ability.
- Strongly believe in the partnership of parental involvement in the education of our pupils.
- Demonstrate and foster respect for ourselves and others within the school, local community and the global community.
- Respect the belief of others and celebrate cultural diversity.
- Encourage spiritual and moral values.
- Explicitly promote the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs through a 'living' curriculum.
- Value each child as an individual within the school and respect personal beliefs.

## **Mental Health & Well-Being Policy**

### **1, Why Mental Health and Well-Being is Important**

At our school, we aim to promote positive mental health and well-being for our whole school community; pupils, staff, parents and carers, and recognise how important mental health and emotional well-being is to our lives in just the same way as physical health.

We recognise that children's mental health is a crucial factor in their overall well-being and can affect their learning and achievement. Persistent mental health problems may lead to pupils having significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of those of the same age.

The Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Code of Practice identifies Social, Emotional and Mental Health as one of the four areas of Special Educational Need.

All children go through ups and downs through their school career and some face significant life events. About 10% of children aged 5 to 16 have a diagnosable mental health need and these can have an enormous impact on their quality of life, relationships and academic achievement.

The Department for Education (DfE) recognises that: “in order to help their pupils succeed; schools have a role to play in supporting them to be resilient and mentally healthy”.

Schools can be a place for children and young people to experience a nurturing and supportive environment that has the potential to develop self-esteem and give positive experiences for overcoming adversity and building resilience. For some, school will be a place of respite from difficult home lives and offer positive role models and relationships, which are critical in promoting pupils well-being and can help engender a sense of belonging and community.

Our role in school is to ensure that they are able to manage times of change and stress, be resilient, are supported to reach their potential and access help when they need it. We also have a role to ensure that pupils learn about what they can do to maintain positive mental health, what affects their mental health, how they can help reduce the stigma surrounding mental health issues and where they can go if they need help and support.

Our aim is to help develop the protective factors which build resilience to mental health problems and be a school where

- all pupils are valued
- pupils have a sense of belonging and feel safe
- pupils feel able to talk openly with trusted adults about their problems without feeling any stigma
- positive mental health is promoted and valued
- bullying is not tolerated

In addition to children’s well-being, we recognise the importance of promoting staff-mental health and well-being.

## **2, Purpose of the Policy**

This policy sets out

- how we promote positive mental health
- how we prevent mental health problems
- how we identify and support pupils with mental health needs
- how we train and support all staff to understand mental health issues and spot early warning signs to help prevent mental health problems getting worse
- key information about some common mental health problems

- where parents, staff and pupils can get advice and support

### 3, Definition of Mental Health and Well-Being

We use the World Health Organisation's definition of mental health and wellbeing:

***... a state of well-being in which every individual realises his or her own potential, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to make a contribution to her or his community.***

Mental health and well-being is not just the absence of mental health problems. We want all children/young people to

- feel confident in themselves
- be able to express a range of emotions appropriately
- be able to make and maintain positive relationships with others
- cope with the stresses of everyday life
- manage times of stress and be able to deal with change
- learn and achieve

### 4, Links to other Policies

This policy links to our policies on Safeguarding, Inclusion, Looked After Children, Anti-Bullying, Behaviour and Discipline, Personal Social Health Education (PSHE), Relationship Health Education (RHE) and Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy.

Links with the Behaviour and Discipline Policy are especially important because behaviour, whether it is disruptive, withdrawn, anxious, depressed or otherwise, may be related to an unmet mental health need. We consider ***behaviour to be a message***.

### 5. A Whole School - Approach to Promoting Positive Mental Health

We take a whole school approach to promoting positive mental health that aims to help pupils become more resilient, be happy and successful and prevent problems before they arise.

This encompasses seven aspects:

1. creating an ethos, policies and behaviours that support mental health and resilience that everyone understands
2. helping pupils to develop social relationships, support each other and seek help when they need to
3. helping pupils to be resilient learners
4. teaching pupils social and emotional skills and an awareness of mental health

5. early identification of pupils who have mental health needs and planning support to meet their needs, including working with specialist services
6. effectively working with parents and carers
7. supporting and training staff to develop their skills and resilience

We also recognise the role that stigma can play in preventing understanding and awareness of mental health issues and aim to create an open and positive culture that encourages discussion and understanding of mental health issues.

## **6. Roles and Responsibilities**

We believe that all staff have a responsibility to promote positive mental health, and to understand about protective and risk factors for mental health. Some children will require additional help and all staff should have the skills to look out for any early warning signs of mental health problems and ensure that pupils with mental health needs get early intervention and the support they need.

All staff understand about possible risk factors that might make some children more likely to experience problems; such as a physical long-term illness, having a parent who has a mental health problem, death and loss, including loss of friendships, family breakdown and bullying. They also understand the factors that protect children from adversity, such as self-esteem, communication and problem-solving skills, a sense of worth and belonging and emotional literacy.

The school's Mental Health Leads (*SENCO / Designated Safeguarding Leads and Headteacher and Mrs Walker*)

- leads on and works with other staff to coordinate whole school activities to promote positive mental health
- provides advice and support to staff and organises training and updates
- keeps staff up-to-date with information about what support is available
- Ensures PSHE/RHE also encompasses teaching about mental health
- is the first point of contact and communicates with mental health services
- We recognise that many behaviours and emotional problems can be supported within the school environment, or with advice from external professionals. Some children will need more intensive support at times, and there are a range of mental health professionals and organisations that provide support to pupils with mental health needs and their families.
- Support includes:
  - Mental Health Lead – J Stevenson/Mrs Walker
  - Safeguarding Lead – J Stevenson
  - staff to manage mental health needs of pupils
  - Positive Play Lead – Mrs Walker
  - SENCO who helps staff understand their responsibilities to children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND), including pupils whose mental health problems mean they need special educational provision.
  - School nurse
  - Early Help/CAMHS core meetings to support staff to manage mental health needs of pupils

## **7. Supporting Pupils' Positive Mental Health**

We believe we have a key role in promoting pupils' positive mental health and helping to prevent mental health problems. Our school has developed a range of strategies and approaches including;

### *Pupil-led Activities*

- World Mental Health Week awareness of mental health -School Council lead in Autumn each Academic Year

### *Transition Support*

- Support for vulnerable children on extra transition
- Transition meetings with parent/carers, pupils and relevant staff
- Yearly Transition support for vulnerable children
- Key Adults might support secondary school visits with vulnerable pupils

### *Class Activities*

- Positive Play – Val Sabin Resources
- Golden Acts of Worship
- Golden Time each Friday
- Growth Mindset
- Team Points

### *Whole School*

- Wellbeing Focus explicit links to World Mental Health Week
- PSHE Association Resources FDA Resources for relationships, growth and mental health (Yasmin and Tom)
- Displays and information around the school about positive mental health and where to go for help and support both within the school and outside the school

### *Small Group Activities*

- Small friendship, social skills groups
- Home Learning Club
- Positive Play Intervention for pupils who need smaller time scales/activities to feel safe

### *Teaching about Mental Health and Emotional Well-being*

- Through PSHE/RHE we teach the knowledge and social and emotional skills that will help pupils to be more resilient, understand about mental health and help reduce the stigma of mental health problems.

### **Our approach is to:**

- provide a safe environment to enable pupils to express themselves and be listened to
- ensure the welfare and safety of pupils as paramount
- identify appropriate support for pupils based on their needs
- involve parents and carers when their child needs support
- involve pupils in the care and support they have
- monitor, review and evaluate the support with pupils and keep parents and carers updated



## **8, Early Identification**

Our identification system involves a range of processes.

We aim to identify children with mental health needs as early as possible to prevent things getting worse. We do this in different ways including:

- Identify individuals that might need support
- induction meetings for pupils / families joining the Reception year
- analysing behaviour, attendance
- Dialogue with parents/carers
- Transition support
- School Nurse
- Early Help
- staff report concerns about individual pupils to the Inclusion Manager/SENCO and Designated Safeguarding Team
- weekly staff briefing for staff to raise concerns about individual children
- gathering information from a previous school at transfer or transition
- parental meetings
- enabling pupils to raise concerns to class teacher and support staff
- enabling parents and carers to raise concerns through the school class teacher or to any member of staff
- T2P communication
- Class Dojo – learning platform for Home /School links

All staff have had training on the protective and risk factors (see Appendix 1), types of mental health needs (see Appendix 2) and signs that might mean a pupil is experiencing mental health problems. Any member of staff concerned about a pupil will take this seriously and talk to the SENCO/Inclusion Manager or Designated Safeguarding Team.

These signs might include:

- non-verbal behaviour
- isolation from friends and family and becoming socially withdrawn
- changes in activity or mood or eating/sleeping habits
- lowering academic achievement
- talking or joking about self-harm or suicide
- expressing feelings of failure, uselessness or loss of hope
- an increase in lateness or absenteeism
- not wanting to do PE
- physical signs of harm that are repeated or appear non-accidental
- wearing long sleeves in hot weather
- repeated physical pain or nausea with no evident cause

Staff are aware that mental health needs such as anxiety might appear as non-compliant, disruptive or aggressive behaviour which could include problems with attention or hyperactivity. This may be related to home problems, difficulties with learning, peer relationships or development.

If there is a concern that a pupil is in danger of immediate harm then the school's child protection procedures are followed.

### **Verbal Disclosures by Pupils**

We recognise how important it is that staff are calm, supportive and non-judgmental to pupils who verbally disclose a concern about themselves or a friend. The emotional and physical safety of pupils is paramount and staff listen rather than advise. Staff are clear to pupils that the concern will be shared with the Designated Safeguarding Leads and recorded in order to provide appropriate support to the pupil.

We use My Concern as an electronic system which also enables the school to transfer records.

### **Confidentiality**

All disclosures are recorded and held on the pupil's confidential file, including date, name of pupil and member of staff to whom they disclosed, summary of the disclosure and next steps.

### **Assessment, Interventions and Support**

All concerns are reported to the Designated Safeguarding Leads and recorded. Our aim is to put in place interventions as early as possible to prevent problems escalating.

We recognise that just like physical health, mental health and emotional well-being can vary at any given time and is fluid and changes, there are no absolutes.

<b>Need</b> The level of need is based on discussions at the regular Inclusion meetings/panel with key members of staff	<b>Evidence-based Intervention and Support</b> - the kinds of intervention and support provided will be decided in consultation with key members of staff, parents and pupils  <i>For example</i>	<b>Monitoring</b>
Highest need	CAMHS-assessment, 1:1 or family support or treatment, consultation with school staff and other agencies  School Mentor/counsellor -1:1 support  Educational Psychologist involvement  External agency support that provides 1:1 support and groupwork  If the school, professionals and/or parents conclude that a statutory education, health and care assessment is required, we refer to the SEND policy and SEN School Information Report.	All pupils needing targeted individualised support will have an Individual Care Plan drawn up setting out - <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The needs of the pupils</li> <li>• How the pupil will be supported</li> <li>• Actions to provide that support</li> <li>• Any special requirements</li> </ul> Pupils and parents/carers will be involved in the plan. The plan and interventions are monitored, reviewed and evaluated to assess the impact e.g. through a Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire
Some need	Access to calm/quiet areas within the school such as the Classroom at Break and Lunch Times/access to the Home Learning Club	Multi-agency meetings and regular reviews and feedback with parents/carers

	1:1 intervention, small group intervention, skills for life/wellbeing programmes, Positive play	Early Help Referral and Children's Services if appropriate  Discussion, advice and support in Child and Mental Health Services (CAMHS) core hours for key staff  Weekly staff meeting
Low need	General support e.g. Lunch Club, class teacher/TA, 'Check-in'	

## 9. Working with Specialist Services to get swift access to the right Specialist Support and Treatment

In some case a pupil's mental health needs require support from a specialist service. These might include anxiety, depression, school refusal and other complex needs.

We make links with a range of specialist services and have regular contact with the services to review the support and consider next steps, as part of monitoring the pupils' provision.

School referrals to a specialist service will be made by the SENCO following the assessment process and in consultation with the pupil and his/her parents and carers. Referrals will only go ahead with the consent of the parent/carers and when it is the most appropriate support for the pupil's specific needs.

Specialist Service	Referral process
Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)	Accessed through school, GP or self-referral
School Mentor	Accessed through the SENCO
Educational Psychologist	Accessed through the SENCO
Early Help Referral	Accessed through the SENCO, Designated Safeguarding Leads/Mental Health Lead

## 10. Involving Parents and Carers

### *Promoting Mental Health*

We recognise the important role parents and carers have in promoting and supporting the mental health and wellbeing of their children, and in particular supporting their children with mental health needs.

### **To support parents and carers:**

- we provide information and signposting to organisations on our websites on mental health issues.
- have an Open Door Policy.
- supporting parents and carers with children with mental health needs through sensitive and supportive regular meetings and signposting.

### **When a concern has been raised the school will:**

- contact parents and carers and meet with them
- in most case parents and carers will be involved in their children's interventions, although there may be circumstances when this may not happen, such as child protection issues.
- offer information to take away and places to seek further information
- be available for follow up calls
- make a record of the meeting
- discuss how the parents and carers can support their child
- keep parents and carers up to date and fully informed of decisions about the support and interventions

Parents and carers will always be informed if their child is at risk of danger.

We make every effort to support parents and carers to access services where appropriate. Pupils are our primary concern, and in the rare event that parents and carers are not accessing services we will seek advice from the Local Authority. We also provide information for parents and carers to access support for their own mental health needs.

## **11. Involving Pupils**

- we seek pupils' views and feedback about our approach and whole school mental health activities through Pupil Voice

## **12. Supporting and Training Staff**

We want all staff to be confident in their knowledge of mental health and wellbeing and to be able to promote positive mental health and wellbeing, identify mental health needs early in pupils and know what to do and where to get help (see Appendix 3).

Those staff with a specific responsibility have more specialised training and where possible access to supervision from mental health professionals.

Supporting and promoting the mental health and wellbeing of staff is an essential component of a healthy school and we promote opportunities to maintain a healthy work life balance and wellbeing..

## **13. Monitoring and Evaluation**

This policy was made in collaboration with the whole school. Its effectiveness will be monitored. This policy will be reviewed each year or sooner if deemed necessary.

## **Appendix 1**

### **Protective and Risk factors (adapted from Mental Health and Behaviour DfEMarch 2016)**

	<b>Risk Factors</b>	<b>Protective Factors</b>
In the Child	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Genetic influences</li><li>• Specific development delay</li><li>• Communication difficulties</li><li>• Physical illness</li><li>• Academic failure</li><li>• Low self-esteem</li><li>• SEND</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Secure attachment experience</li><li>• Good communication skills, sociability</li><li>• Being a planner and having belief in control</li><li>• Humour</li><li>• Problem solving skills and a positive attitude</li><li>• Experiences of success and achievement</li><li>• Faith or spirituality</li><li>• Capacity to reflect</li></ul>
In the Family	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Overt parental conflict including domestic violence</li><li>• Family breakdown (including where children are taken into care or adopted)</li><li>• Inconsistent or unclear discipline</li><li>• Hostile and rejecting relationships</li><li>• Failure to adapt to a child's changing needs</li><li>• Physical, sexual, emotional abuse or neglect</li><li>• Parental psychiatric illness</li><li>• Parental criminality, alcoholism or personality disorder</li><li>• Death and loss</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• At least one good parent-child relationship (or one supportive adult)</li><li>• Affection</li><li>• Clear, consistent discipline</li><li>• Support for education</li><li>• Supportive long term relationship or the absence of severe discord</li></ul>

In the School	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bullying</li> <li>• Discrimination</li> <li>• Breakdown in or lack of positive friendships</li> <li>• Negative peer influences</li> <li>• Peer pressure</li> <li>• Poor pupil to teacher relationships</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clear policies on behaviour and bullying</li> <li>• 'Open door' policy for children to raise problems</li> <li>• A whole-school approach to promoting good mental health</li> <li>• Positive classroom management</li> <li>• A sense of belonging</li> <li>• Positive peer influences</li> </ul>
In the Community	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Socio-economic disadvantage</li> <li>• Homelessness</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wider supportive network</li> <li>• Good housing</li> </ul>



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disaster, accidents, war or other overwhelming events</li> <li>• Discrimination</li> <li>• Other significant life events</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High standard of living</li> <li>• High morale school with positive policies for behaviour, attitudes and anti-bullying</li> <li>• Opportunities for valued social roles</li> <li>• Range of sport/leisure activities</li> </ul>
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## ***Appendix 2***

### ***Specific mental health needs most commonly seen in school-aged children***

For information see Annex C Main Types of Mental Health  
Needs Mental Health and Behaviour in School DfE March  
2016

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/mental-health-and-behaviour-in-schools--2>

Annex C includes definitions, signs and symptoms and suggested interventions  
for Anxiety (including panic attacks, phobias and Obsessive Compulsive Disorder  
OCD) Depression  
Eating Disorders  
Substance  
Misuse Self  
Harm

### **Appendix 3**

#### **Where to get information and support**

*For support on specific mental health needs*

Anxiety UK [www.anxietyuk.org.uk](http://www.anxietyuk.org.uk) OCD UK [www.ocduk.org](http://www.ocduk.org)

Depression Alliance [www.depressoinalliance.org](http://www.depressoinalliance.org)

Eating Disorders [www.b-eat.co.uk](http://www.b-eat.co.uk) and [www.inourhands.com](http://www.inourhands.com)

National Self-Harm Network [www.nshn.co.uk](http://www.nshn.co.uk)

Self-Harm [www.selfharm.co.uk](http://www.selfharm.co.uk)

*For general information and support*

[www.youngminds.org.uk](http://www.youngminds.org.uk) champions young people's mental health and wellbeing

[www.mind.org.uk](http://www.mind.org.uk) advice and support on mental health problems

[www.minded.org.uk](http://www.minded.org.uk) (e-learning)

[www.time-to-change.org.uk](http://www.time-to-change.org.uk) tackles the stigma of mental health

[www.rethink.org](http://www.rethink.org) challenges attitudes towards mental health

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