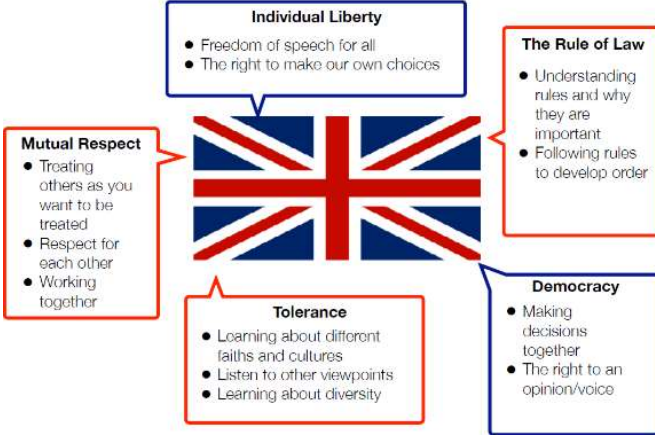


Subject Specific Vocabulary		Influential Figures		British Values	
Human Rights	Human rights are laws set by governments to ensure humans are treated fairly and given certain rights such as the right to life.				
Activist	A person who fights vigorously for a cause.	Malala Yousafzai – Pakistani activist who at age 11 fought for girls' right to education	Martin Luther King Jr – American activist and spokesman for civil rights		
Revolutionary	A person who participates in changes to a ruler or government.				
Apartheid	Apartheid was a system in place in South Africa that separated people based on their race and skin colour.	Anne Frank – Jewish victim of the Holocaust during World War 2	Nelson Mandela – South African anti-apartheid revolutionary		
Amnesty	Amnesty International is an organisation based in the United Kingdom focused on human rights.	Exciting Books		Human Rights	Key Legislation and Dates
Refugee	A refugee is a person who is seeking a safe place after being forced to flee violence, unfair treatment or war.			Human Rights include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The right to an education. The right to vote. The right not to be mistreated or wrongly punished by the state. The right to a fair trial. The right to believe in whatever we want to believe. The right to privacy. 	1948: Universal Declaration of Human Rights
Holocaust	The killing of millions of Jews and members of other groups by Nazis during the Second World War.				1989: Unicef Convention on the right of a child
					1998: UK Human Rights Act

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